

Pre-K to Grade 2 What Are the Potential Indicators of Dyslexia?

Dyslexia runs in families. Is there a family history of reading or learning struggles?

If the student displays several of these potential indicators, check off the warning signs that apply and schedule a parent/ teacher meeting to discuss the student's early reading skill development. Dyslexia does not come and go and it persists over time but with proper identification and support, the student will learn to read and be better able to succeed in school and in life. The sooner a student's dyslexia is identified, the better the results will be, so trust your observations and move forward with a reading screening to gain additional information if needed.

LANGUAGE	WRITING
☐ Delayed speech	☐ Problems copying and writing at an age-appropriate level
☐ Trouble learning the alphabet, numbers, and days	$lue{}$ Confusing the order or direction of letters, numbers
of the week	and symbols
☐ Difficulty rapidly naming people and objects	Spelling words incorrectly and inconsistently most
☐ Lack of interest in stories and books	of the time
☐ Mispronouncing words	Tendency to spell phonetically
☐ Difficulty using new vocabulary words correctly	lue Poor ability to proofread and correct written work
☐ Trouble distinguishing words from other words	$\hfill \square$ Handwriting shows poor letter formation and placement
that sound similar	
□ Struggles to identify or produce words that rhyme	SOCIAL/EMOTIONAL
	Lack of motivation about school or learning
READING	☐ Lack of confidence in learning
☐ Difficulty naming and recognizing the letters of the alphabet	Negative self-image compared to grade-level peers
☐ Problems matching letters to their correct sounds	lue Expresses dislike for reading and other academic tasks
☐ Below expected reading level for his/her age	Exhibits anxiety or frustration
☐ Trouble understanding the difference between	
sounds in words	OTHER
☐ Difficulty blending letter sounds within words	Poor sense of direction/spatial concepts,
☐ Trouble recognizing and remembering sight words	such as left and right
Confusing letters and words that look similar	Performs inconsistently on daily tasks
☐ Loses his/her place—and skips over words—while reading	Appears distracted and unfocused

To learn more about dyslexia in the classroom, visit LearningAlly.org/HiddenInPlainSight



Avoids reading tasks





Grade 3 – 8 What Are the Potential Indicators of Dyslexia?

Dyslexia runs in families. Is there a family history of reading or learning struggles?

If the student displays several of these potential indicators, check off the warning signs that apply and schedule a parent/teacher meeting to discuss the student's early reading skill development. Dyslexia does not come and go and it persists over time but with proper identification and support, the student will learn to read and be better able to succeed in school and in life. The sooner a student's dyslexia is identified, the better the results will be, so trust your observations and move forward with a reading screening to gain additional information if needed.

LANGUAGE	WRITING
☐ Speech is choppy and disfluent	Problems copying or taking notes
☐ Makes grammar or vocabulary errors when speaking	☐ Confusing the order or direction of letters, numbers
☐ Difficulty rapidly naming people and objects	and symbols
☐ Lack of interest in stories and books	☐ Spelling words incorrectly and inconsistently most of the time
☐ Mispronouncing words	☐ Tendency to spell phonetically without applying spelling rules
☐ Difficulty using new vocabulary words correctly	Poor ability to proofread and correct written work
☐ Trouble distinguishing words from other words	Poor handwriting
that sound similar	Difficulty organizing writing assignments
Struggles to identify or produce words that rhyme	Uses less complex vocabulary, grammar and sentence structure
READING	SOCIAL/EMOTIONAL
Poor decoding and word identification skills	Lack of motivation about school or learning
☐ Tends to guess at words	Lack of confidence within peer group
☐ Poor oral reading fluency skills	Feels embarrassed or shame over academic struggles
☐ Difficulty understanding what he/she read	Expresses dislike for reading and other academic tasks
☐ Trouble recognizing and remembering sight words	Exhibits anxiety or frustration
$lue{}$ Slow growth in vocabulary and background knowledge	
Confusing letters and words that look similar	OTHER
Skips over or transposes words while reading	Poor sense of direction/spatial concepts,
☐ Avoids reading tasks	such as left and right
Problems reading the word problems in math	Performs inconsistently on daily tasks

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Appears distracted and unfocused

☐ Poor memory for facts, numbers or sequences